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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
. 10/538,493	06/09/2005	Isamu Takahashi	1419.1117	7060
21171 STAAS & HA	7590 10/18/2007 LSEY LLP		EXAMINER	
SUITE 700			PATEL, VIPIN	
1201 NEW YORK AVENUE, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20005			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2873	
•	• •			
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/18/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	•
	10/538,493	TAKAHASHI, ISAMI	J
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Vipin M. Patel	2873	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply		vith the correspondence add	ress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stated and the set of the maximum statutory perion of the set of the set of the maximum statutory perion of the set of	DATE OF THIS COMMUN 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO tute, cause the application to become	IICATION. a reply be timely filed  DNTHS from the mailing date of this com ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on  2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action is application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under the practice under the practice.	his action is non-final. vance except for formal ma		merits is
Disposition of Claims	·		
4)  Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6)  Claim(s) 1-16 is/are rejected. 7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.		
<ul> <li>9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examination The drawing(s) filed on 09 June 2005 is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct of the correc</li></ul>	a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ obj he drawing(s) be held in abeya rection is required if the drawin	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for forei a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a li	ents have been received. ents have been received in riority documents have bee eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National S	tage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6/9/2005.	Paper No	v Summary (PTO-413) b(s)/Mail Date f Informal Patent Application 	

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

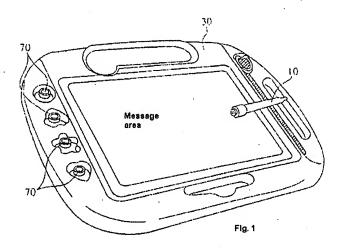
- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ohashi et al. (5820385) in view of Munoz et al. (6203717 B1).

Regarding **clam 1**, Ohashi et al. discloses (see Fig. 1) A message figure (Abstract Line 1, Magnetic display apparatus) comprising: a magnetic display sheet (Abstract, Line 1) which includes plurality of microcapsules (Abstract, Line 2) encapsulating oily liquid (Abstract, Line 2-3), light-absorbing ferromagnetic powder (Abstract, Line 3), light-reflecting nonmagnetic powder (Abstract, Line 4) and antisettling agent, and is adapted for making a drawing (Abstract, Line 5) or a writing of a character and the like from a front side of the magnetic display sheet by using a drawing tool having a magnet (Abstract Line 5-6), and for erasing the drawing or the writing from the front side of the magnetic display sheet by using an erasing tool having a magnet (Abstract, Line 4-5), the magnetic display sheet being attached to the figure (look like video screen).

Ohashi et al. does not disclose anti-settling agent but Munoz et al. (6203717 B1) discloses the anti-settling agent containing magnetic particles (Column 2, Line 10-15)

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was formed to provide anti-settling agent as disclosed by Munoz et al. into the Magnetic display apparatus of Ohashi et al that provides soft sediment once the magnetic particle settle out (Column 2 Line 10-15).



Regarding **claim 2** Ohashi et al., as stated in claim 1, discloses the message figure, wherein the magnetic display sheet (see Fig. 1) below constitutes part of an outline of the figure (Video screen).

3. Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ohashi et al. (5820385) in view of Munoz et al. (6203717 B1) and further in view of Murata et al. (4143472).

Regarding **claim 3**, Ohashi et al. as stated in claim 1, discloses A message figure set (Abstract line-1) comprising: a figure to which attached is a magnetic display sheet (Abstract, Line 1 message area) which includes a plurality of microcapsules (Abstract, Line 2) encapsulating oily liquid (Abstract, Line 2-3), light-absorbing ferromagnetic powder (Abstract, Line 3), light-reflecting nonmagnetic powder (Abstract, Line 4), the magnetic display sheet being adapted for front-drawing and front-erasing

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(column-1, Line 22-25); a drawing tool which includes a magnet and is adapted for making a drawing (see fig. 1, 70 and 10) or a writing of a character and the like from a front side of the magnetic display sheet;

Ohashi et al. does not disclose anti-settling agent but Munoz et al. (6203717 B1) discloses the anti-settling agent containing magnetic particles (Column 2, Line 10-15)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was formed to provide anti-settling agent as disclosed by Munoz et al. into the Magnetic display apparatus of Ohashi et al that provides soft sediment once the magnetic particle settle out (Column 2 Line 10-15).

Ohashi et al. does not disclose but Murata et al. (4143472)) discloses erasing tool that includes a magnet and is adapted for erasing the drawing or the writing from the front side of the magnetic display sheet (column 10, Line 5-19).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was formed to provide writing/erasing pen as disclosed by Murata et al. into the Magnetic display apparatus of Ohashi et al that provides write and erase letters using one instrument (column 10, Line 5-19).

Regarding **claim 4**, Ohashi et al discloses as stated in claim 3, the message figure, wherein the magnetic display sheet constitutes part of an outline of the figure (video screen, see fig. 1).

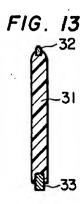
Regarding claim 5 Ohashi et al. discloses the message figure

Ohashi et al. does not disclose but Murata et al. (4143472)) discloses, as stated in claim 3 (see fig 13), the erasing tool includes a rubbing portion (Column-10, Line 5-6,

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element 33) to rub a surface of the magnetic display sheet upon the erasing, and the rubbing portion is configured such that the magnet for the erasing is separated from the surface of the magnetic display sheet (Column 10, Line 5-14) by a predetermined distance upon the erasing.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was formed to provide writing/erasing pen as disclosed by Murata et al. into the Magnetic display apparatus of Ohashi et al that provides write and erase letters using one instrument (column 10, Line 5-19).



Regarding claim 6, Ohashi et al. discloses the message figure

Ohashi et al. does not disclose but Murata et al. discloses (See fig. 13) the drawing tool and the erasing tool are integrated to form a pen shape as a whole.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was formed to provide writing/erasing pen as disclosed by Murata et al. into the Magnetic display apparatus of Ohashi et al that provides write and erase letters using one instrument (column 10, Line 5-19).

Regarding claim 7 Ohashi et al. discloses the message figure

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Ohashi et al. does not disclose but Murata et al. discloses (see fig. 13) the N and S poles of the magnet for the erasing are placed along the surface (one surface end, 13) of the magnet display sheet upon the erasing.

Regarding **claim 8**, Ohashi et al. discloses the message figure.

Ohashi et al. does not disclose but Murata et al. discloses (see fig. 13) wherein the erasing tool (31) includes a rubbing portion (33) to run a surface of the magnetic display sheet upon the erasing, and the rubbing portion is configured such that the magnet for the erasing is separated from the surface of the magnetic display sheet by a predetermined distance (length of the pen) upon the erasing.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was formed to provide writing/erasing pen as disclosed by Murata et al. into the Magnetic display apparatus of Ohashi et al that provides write and erase letters using one instrument (column 10, Line 5-19).

Regarding claim 9-10, Ohashi et al. discloses the message figure

Ohashi et al. does not disclose but Murata et al. discloses (See fig. 13) the drawing tool and the erasing tool are integrated to form a pen shape as a whole.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was formed to provide writing/erasing pen as disclosed by Murata et al. into the Magnetic display apparatus of Ohashi et al that provides write and erase letters using one instrument (column 10, Line 5-19).

Regarding claim 11-16 Ohashi et al. discloses the message figure

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Ohashi et al. does not disclose but Murata et al. discloses (see fig. 13) the N and S poles of the magnet for the erasing are placed along the surface (one surface end, 13) of the magnet display sheet upon the erasing.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was formed to provide writing/erasing pen as disclosed by Murata et al. into the Magnetic display apparatus of Ohashi et al that provides write and erase letters using one instrument (column 10, Line 5-19).

## Conclusion

4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Oshi et al. (5674104 and 5820385) and Munoz et al. (6203,717 B1) Murata et al. (4143472).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Vipin M. Patel whose telephone number is (571) 270-1742. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday, 7:30AM to 5:00PM E.S.T..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ricky Mack can be reached on (571) 272-2333. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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**VP** 

Vipin Patel 10/15/2007

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER